

Lesson Plan

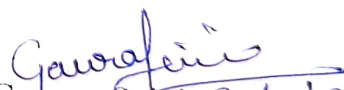
April to June-2022

Name of the Assistant Professor- Gaurav Saini Subject- Economics

Month	BA II Semester Micro Economics	BA IV Semester Macro Economics	BA VI Semester Indian Economics
April	<p>1. Market Structures- Concepts 1.2 Perfect Competition: Characteristics and Assumptions. 1.3 Price Determination Under Perfect Competition. 1.4 Equilibrium of the firm in the short period and the long period.</p>	<p>1.1. Keynesian Multiplier: Concepts 1.2. Relation between Multiplier, MPC and MPS 1.3. Comparative Static and Dynamic Process. 1.4. Working of Multiplier in UDC'S. 1.5. Acceleration Principle and Concept of Super Multiplier.</p>	<p>1.1 Role of Industrialization. 1.2 Industrial Policy – 1991 onwards. 1.3 New Economic Reforms – Concepts i) Liberalization ii) Privatization. iii) Globalization . 1.4 Small and Large Scale Industry – Growth and Problems. 1.5 Growth of Knowledge Based Industry – IT, Software Consultancy.</p>
May	<p>1 Monopoly Characteristics 2.2. Equilibrium of the Monopoly Firm in Short period and Long period 2.3 Concept of Supply Curve under Monopoly 2.4. Price Discrimination</p>	<p>2.1. The Demand for Money: Concepts, Functions and Significance 2.2. Quantity Theory of Money -Fisher's Approach and Cambridge Approach 2.3. Keynesian Liquidity Theory of Money 2.4. Supply of Money: Meaning and Determinants 2.5. High Powered Money and Money Multipliers</p>	<p>2.1. Meaning and Classification of Labour. 2.2. Characteristics of Industrial Labour. 2.3. Industrial Disputes Causes, Measures for Settlement. 2.4. Social Security Measures in India. 3.1. Meaning, Concepts, Need and Objectives. 3.2. Types of Planning, Merits and Demerits 3.3. Objectives, Achievements, and Failures of Five Year Plans.</p>

June	<p>3.1 Monopolistic Competition: Characteristics</p> <p>3.2 Selling Costs .Product Differentiation</p> <p>3.3 Short period and long period Equilibrium of the Firm</p> <p>3.4 Concept & Characteristic of Oligopoly:</p> <p>4.1 Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution</p> <p>4.2 Ricardian Theory of Rent</p> <p>4.3 Theories of Interest: Classical and Neoclassical</p> <p>4.4 Marginal Productivity Theory of Wages.</p>	<p>3.1 Meaning, Causes and Effects of Inflation</p> <p>3.2 Types of Inflation</p> <p>3.3 The Classical Theory of Inflation</p> <p>3.4 Demand Pull and Cost Push Inflation.</p> <p>3.5 Phillips Curve in Short run and Long run.</p> <p>4.1. Meaning, Nature and Features of Business Cycles</p> <p>4.2. Types and Phases of Business Cycles</p> <p>4.3. Keynes View of Trade Cycles</p> <p>4.4. Theories of Trade Cycles (Hicks and Samuelson).</p> <p>4.5. Rate of Interest: Classical and Keynesian Theories of Interest.</p>	<p>3.4.Objectives of ongoing Five Year Plan</p> <p>4.1.Trends and Composition of India's Imports.</p> <p>4.2.Trends and Direction of India's Exports</p> <p>4.3.EXIM Policy of India in relation to Trade Liberalization and its Impacts</p> <p>4.4.FDI, FII and MNCs in India</p> <p>4.5.External Borrowings and BOP Problem in India</p> <p>4.6.International Institutions (IMF, WB, ADB, WTO) and the Indian Economy.</p>
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Subject/Month	April	May	June
B.Com (CAV) and B.Com II Semester Macro Economics	Macro Economics: concept, nature, scope, and variables; national income: concept and measurement; circular flow of income (four core sectors); consumption function; investment function; multiplier; concepts and importance; principle of acceleration.	Classical & Keynesian theory of income, output and employment; income determination in closed economy. Inflation: meaning, types, theories, causes, effects and remedial measures.	Business cycle: meaning, and phases; Hicks & Samuelson Theory, measures for business cycles


Gaurav Saini 23/4/22
 (Assistant Professor)